Conventions are sets of **rules** for what is normally found within a product

Comics use a set of **conventions** (usually)

Your work should usually keep to these

conventions

Conventions and creativity in the components are **limited** in their fitness for purpose.

Conventions and creativity are applied in the final product in a limited way. Conventions and creativity in the components are adequate in their fitness for purpose.

Conventions and creativity are adequately applied in the final product. Conventions and creativity in the components are **fully** fit for purpose.

Conventions and creativity are effectively applied in the final product.

One set of **conventions** apply to how **pages are usually laid out**

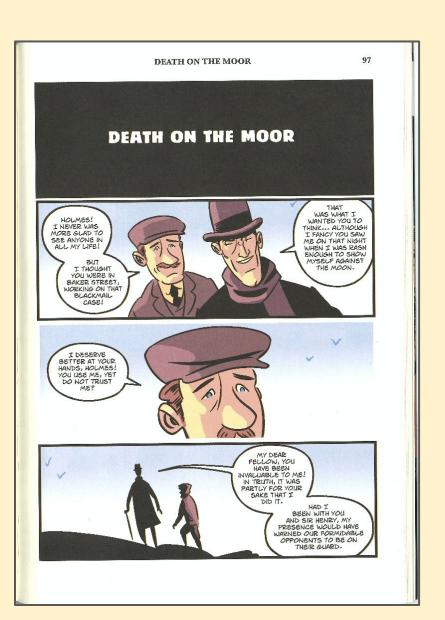
I've split this into 9 conventions for page layout



Convention 1: page orientation

Pages are almost always **portrait**. Even if they're designed to be read on a computer or a mobile device

The opposite to portrait is **landscape**. It is **very** rare to find anything other than portrait



Convention 2: page backgrounds

Page backgrounds are almost always **white** unless coloured paper is being used

Dark coloured backgrounds are sometimes used to give an impression of moodiness or horror, but this is rare



Convention 3: page sizes

Almost all standard printed comic books are about the same size (170mm x 260mm)

There are exceptions:

- Manga comics are usually smaller (120mm x 180mm or 145mm x 210mm)
- French & Belgium comics are often a bit bigger (240mm x 320mm)



Convention 4: reading order

Pages usually read from top to bottom and from left to right

On a double page, the left page is usually read before the right page is moved on to

Speech bubbles within a panel are also usually read from top to bottom and from left to right

Published 2017...

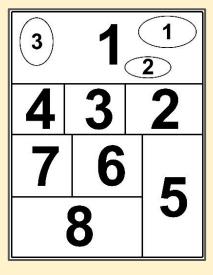


Convention 4b: reading order

But this is not true for **Manga**, which traditionally read from top to bottom and from **right to left** (but this is changing)

Speech bubbles will also be read

from **right to left**







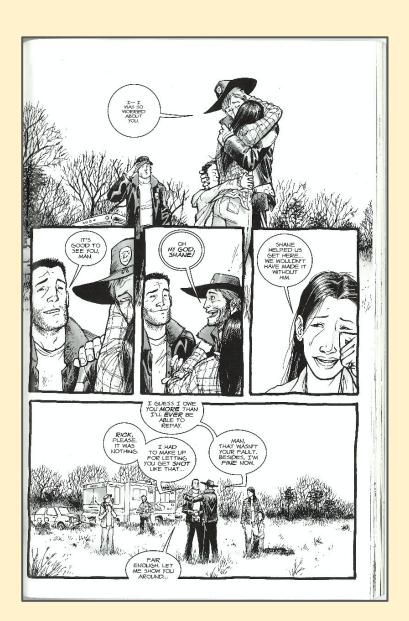


Convention 5: margins

A **margin** is usually placed around the edge of the page.

Margins are usually between 7 and 10mm. Sometimes top and bottom margins are wider (if using titles, page numbers etc...)

This allows for **tolerance** errors when printing and cutting pages and ensures no action spills off the page



Convention 5b: margins

Not every page has to have a margin (although it is normal)

Sometimes action does go all the way to the edge of the page deliberately

This is a **design choice**, but you would aim to avoid anything essential such as text being too close to the edge



Convention 6: panels

Action is organised into **panels**. These are the individual frames on a page

Pages will usually have a number of panels on them, split into **horizontal** rows (typically 3 to 5 rows, but this varies)

Panels are often **rectangular or square**, but not always



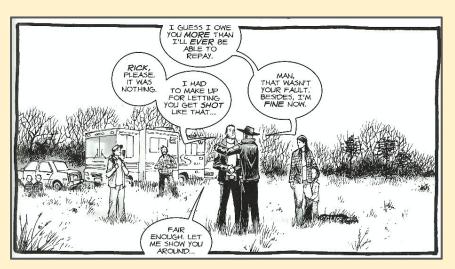
Convention 7: borders

Panels often (but not always) have solid **borders** around them

Borders are usually black and thicker than normal lines

Borders are often straight lines (but not always - this is a design decision)

Sometimes a single panel on a page might be left without a border

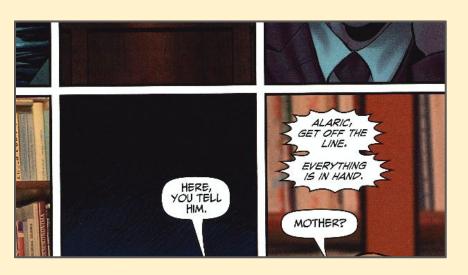




Convention 8: panels and content

Content is usually restricted to a single panel - it doesn't usually **overflow** from panel to panel

There are exceptions to this, usually with the aim of showing how action develops



Convention 9: gutters

The gap between panels is called the **gutter**. This is usually left as white space

Gutters on a page are usually the same width, typically 2-3 mm wide

Sometimes pages don't use gutters, or only use them for some panels. This is a design choice





Convention 9b: gutters

In **Manga**, gutters are often different sizes

Vertical (up/down) gutters are often thinner than **horizontal** (left/right) gutters in this style

Key vocab:

- convention
- page orientation (portrait/landscape)
- reading order
- margin (tolerance)
- panel
- border
- gutter

Task:

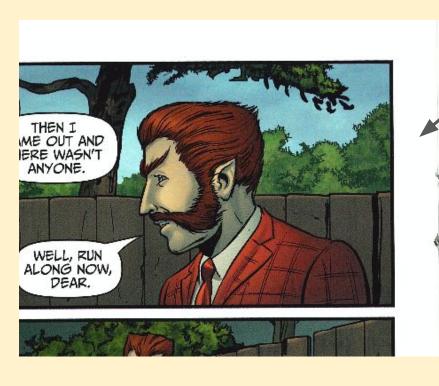
Annotate at least one of the comic book extracts to show the main conventions

Make sure you include a definition of the conventions

Extension:

Add annotations to note content conventions (colours, dialogue, lettering, action etc...)

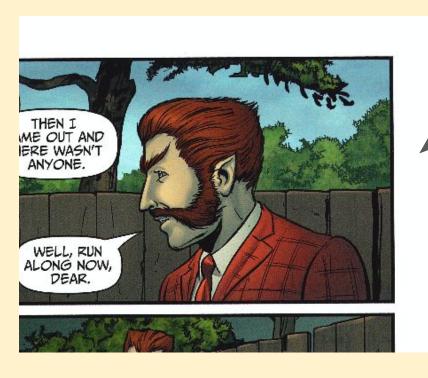
Annotate means to label with detail to add meaning



Margin

This is **NOT** an annotation! It's a label

Annotate means to label with detail to add meaning



Provides tolerance for cutting and printing errors

Margin adds space at side of page

This is better. But...

Annotate means to label with detail to add meaning



Makes sure content not Usually 7-11mm wide

Provides tolerance for cutting and printing errors

Margin adds space at side of page

Can include page numbers and titles at top or bottom \

Some pages won't use margins for all images

top/bottom margins may be wider for this reason

Task:

Create a **glossary** of key terms about page layout

- convention
- page orientation (portrait/landscape)
- reading order
- margin (tolerance)
- panel
- border
- gutter

The comic book extracts used in these slides have been used at smaller scales for educational purposes only

No attempt to claim copyright is made